## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SUFFOLK COUNTY WATER \* Case No. 17-CV-06980 (NG)

AUTHORITY,

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Plaintiff, \* Brooklyn, New York \* December 10, 2019

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THE DOW CHEMICAL COMPANY,

et al.,

v.

Defendants.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR DISCOVERY CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE ROANNE L. MANN
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

## APPEARANCES:

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3 1 (Proceedings commenced at 2:48 p.m.) 2 THE COURT: We're having technical problems, so 3 we'll proceed without the recording. There are some cases where I wouldn't dare do that 4 5 because the counsel wouldn't even agree on what was said at the conference, but I know that you have been working 6 7 cooperatively. 8 So, again, have you come up with a proposal for 9 going forward? 10 And I understand we are on the record. Just so the 11 record is complete, at the outset, I had everyone state their 12 appearances and those will be noted in the minute entry. 13 Mr. VanWart. 14 MR. VANWART: Yes. Your Honor, we've had productive 15 discussions. We believe the next phase should proceed. And 16 in a nutshell, as you know, we've received the fact sheets 17 together with documents. We're still working through those. 18 And we might identify some issues, but we think we're going to 19 be able to resolve them. 20 But our proposal is that we try to resolve any 2.1 issues by January 21 and then report to the Court by January 22 21 if there are issues relating to the fact sheets. 23 At the same time, we want to go to the next -- the 24 next phase of discovery which is document collection. And the 25 document collection would consist of party document requests.

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So everybody would get a document request, respond to the document request. And at the same time, we would be serving subpoenas on third parties who have relevant documents.

And we've identified some entities that are going to be the initial wave of those requests. We actually reviewed them with representatives of the plaintiffs and they indicated that they actually might join in some of those. So we're all kind of on the same page, but we'll be working toward those.

The other part of the discovery that we're proposing would be a single interrogatory simply asking each plaintiff that for each well that is at issue identify each known or suspected cause of the dioxane, the source of the dioxane.

And so we're still having a discussion with plaintiffs about the interrogatory, but that would be the basic roadmap.

And then we would provide the Court a status report by January 21 indicating whether we've resolved issues relating to the fact sheets and then what our progress has been in meeting the deadline for serving -- or the target date for serving subpoenas and document requests.

THE COURT: And what is the target get? Have you --

MR. VANWART: January 21. So we would be --

THE COURT: So the discovery demands and the subpoenas would issue around January --

MR. VANWART: By. Yes. By. Which ususally is that date, but (indiscernible.)

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THE COURT: All right. Anyone else want to be heard? And by the way, you're welcome to remain seated so you're closer to the microphone. Some of you project your voices better than others. But now that we have the recording working, I'd like it to capture what you're saying.

MR. EDLING: Okay. Then I'll sit back down.

Perhaps not surprisingly because we have had constructive conversations, everything that Mr. VanWart said we agree with. We discussed this morning what I'll categorize as sort of truncated or focused interrogatories.

I think that we'll still go back. I understand what the defendants want. We will confer with New York American Water to determine a narrow set of interrogatories to the extent we think that they're appropriate at this stage.

I do think all parties agree that sort of the threshold, most important part of the case, at this stage is the accumulation of relevant documents.

In a case like this it frequently, if not uniformly, is important to make sure that the documents reflecting the hydrogeology and potential sources are known to all parties as it goes to various affirmative defenses and claims of the plaintiffs.

So I like the aggressive target that Mr. VanWart shared with Your Honor. And I think based on our collective experience, we would hope that by the end of the first quarter

we'd be able to tell Your Honor here's everything we got with respect to that.

And obviously with some of the third parties -- or I'll -- let me start that part of the sentence over -- we can't control third parties as well as we can parties, but my hope is is if we're working cooperatively, as we are, we'll have a better success rate in terms of the accumulation of those documents and can report back to Your Honor, which perhaps is a transition as to, you know, I think or hope by the end of the first quarter we'd be able to give Your Honor sort of a next-stage suggestion.

And I do appreciate it's perhaps unusual for the plaintiffs to say we don't, you know, we don't demand a trial date at this stage and a full, robust pretrial schedule.

We've talked about that sort of at length and I do think this is probably the best approach at this stage. And then we'd be in a position to sort of highlight for Your Honor what the next step or steps are, especially given the number of parties and the potential for, you know -- I don't know if there'll be other parties, but not by my office.

THE COURT: And if you're talking about doing this as a phased approach and reporting to the Court, I take it

January 21st -- if that's the deadline for serving demands and subpoenas -- you're not -- that's not the point at which you'd be able to tell me whether you've accumulated most of the

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documents that you want. So you're talking about a second date that would be at the next stage where you're ready to start the next phase?

MR. EDLING: Yeah. I was thinking -- and we discussed a little bit -- that we should know -- and, you know, to the extent there are any issues with respect to, you know, motions to compel or whatever after the 21st, we'd be in a position by the end of the first quarter, so the end of March, to have -- if not resolved -- be able to identify for Your Honor what that next stage would be. And to the extent there are any differences, flesh those out for you.

THE COURT: I did hear you say the first quarter, but I wasn't sure whether you meant the first quarter of the year or whether you were measuring from some other start date.

MR. EDLING: Yeah. No. I'm simply thinking that if subpoenas go out on the 21st, there will be extensions given, perhaps discussions about the breadth or not, and that by the end of March we'd be in a position to have gathered those documents or identified issues for you.

THE COURT: Now if the parties had conducted and exchanged initial disclosures rather than the fact sheets, one of the requirements for initial disclosures is for plaintiffs to provide estimates of their damages. Just looking quickly over the fact sheet, I didn't see anything dealing specifically with damages.

Do the plaintiffs have any sense of what the remediation costs have been and will be going forward? And this is -- I'm not going to hold you to it, but I just --

MR. EDLING: Sure.

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THE COURT: -- for a ballpark --

MR. EDLING: Yeah. No. Sure. We do. Some of it is frankly in the public domain. There's a lot of reporting on this.

But the upshot is there is treatment technology that has known capital costs -- and I'm not trying to be opaque, it is different depending upon the well -- but has known capital costs associated with it for the advanced oxidation process treatment, generally referred to as AOP, and then granulated, activated carbon. Those two in conjunction is the treatment technology that's being employed.

Some of the plaintiffs in this case have begun and even concluded pilot testing with that. Others have budgeted for it. So you have traditionally in cases like this, kind of the focus of the damages is generally on a per impacted well basis. So you have your capital costs, which I just sort of identified for you. You'll have your operating and maintenance costs that will sort of extend out for the life of that infrastructure.

And then commonly, and then absolutely, at the time of trial, that would be discounted to present value. And on

top of that, you'd have periodic costs.

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I'm telling you what is going to go into it. Not because I don't want to tell you this is the number, but it is different depending upon each well size.

For some of the plaintiffs in this case there are documents that have already been produced that reflect those reasonably anticipate costs. There are also, frankly, more than perhaps we would all like or can control estimates in the press as to how much all of this is going to cost.

And I am sure that in the discovery that is coming the type of estimates that are not just subject to expert discovery are going to be shared, because all of these water providers have to budget. And the engineering that goes into those budgets is obviously discoverable. And so that, to the extent it hasn't already been produced, will be. That's a mouthful.

THE COURT: Well, now you've explained the framework, but you haven't put any numbers on it. Not even per well, range or give an example of what a particular plaintiff has budgeted for.

MR. EDLING: Fair enough.

THE COURT: I haven't followed the stories in the press so I haven't seen those numbers.

MR. EDLING: (Indiscernible) cost an O&M on a traditional well for something like this is going to be

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somewhere between 8 and 12 or 13 million dollars per well depending upon the well size. That is an estimate. I am 100 percent sure that my colleagues to this side are going to vet those numbers.

But in terms of, you know, a number or a category that could sort of be part of that calculus, that's not an unreasonable estimate. There are documents that reflect this on a per well basis that will be continued to be exchanged.

THE COURT: And given the dozens of plaintiffs in this case, what are we talking about in terms of the number of wells?

MR. EDLING: Fair. For our clients, we are in the neighborhood of between -- there are approximately 300 wells at issue.

Now there are some wells that have exceedances above what we all believe will be the maximum contaminant level.

And there are some that are below that but that require ongoing monitoring. And it is we believe the law the injury is not defined by the MCL.

But from the perspective of the water providers, they cannot provide water above the MCL. So the costs that they are doing and budgeting for anticipate that MCL and what they would have to treat and the cost of treatment on a per well basis. That does not disaggregate those wells that are above the MCL and those that are below.

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So we're talking hundreds of wells at issue.

There's various press reports that put them in the hundreds and perhaps as much as a billion dollars would be an estimated treatment cost in Long Island.

And there already are now, you know, public debt that's being obtained and costs that are being extended to the rate payers to pay for that.

THE COURT: The reason why I asked that question is because I would certainly encourage the parties to try to see whether some or all of the claims can be resolved through settlement. Has there been any discussion about mediation?

MR. VANWART: The answer is no, Your Honor. But several of the questions that you just posed to Mr. Edling were questions that I posed this morning.

MR. EDLING: Yeah.

MR. VANWART: And so --

THE COURT: And you didn't get as much information as I did?

MR. VANWART: There was more skepticism in my questions and the review of the answers.

But just a couple of things. There are still a lot of moving parts out there in the public including relating to the MCL. And what I said to Mr. Edling is you're throwing out this number, 300 wells, that's inconsistent with what's in the media.

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A lot of the plaintiffs are telling their customers that they're not all going to go to this treatment system if they have to do it. They're going to blend it. They're going to try to find a different water source. They might increase pumpage rates at other wells. There are all sorts of things that can happen that will affect whatever the ultimate damages might be claimed in the case.

And then at the same time, the AOP figure that he just quoted, the State has been quoting substantially lower figures. We don't know what the real numbers are.

But what I said to Mr. Edling is, I said, look, it's going to be in everybody's interest that you just keep us informed on a regular basis what the real number of wells are potentially at issue. That is something that's useful for everybody to know and have that as they're looking at issues.

There's a lot of information that's needed I think before you could have a meaningful discussion about resolution. And for us, the most important is how did the dioxane get into these wells? And that was not developed to the extent that we had hoped it would be in the answers to the fact sheets.

But there is a story for each well that will provide important information about what is the actual source within the capture zone of the well that led to that contamination.

And there would be other parties who would then have an

interest in the resolution. And his own conduct might be at issue in this proceeding.

We're just starting that phase now. As we said, collecting this baseline information is going to be important over the next several months.

But we're nowhere near the point where we could talk about a resolution, because all we know is we've made certain things, but there's no information about how it actually ended up in these wells and that's a story that's still to be developed.

THE COURT: Well, are you suggesting that the defendants may want to bring in third-party defendants?

MR. VANWART: I think that there will be an issue about -- an evidentiary issue as to what the contribution is, what the role was. It's not clear yet what we actually need to bring into a case. That's something that we would be considering. But right now, we're just trying to pin down the basic facts as to what is the actual pollution source, what happened.

THE COURT: So what would you like to accomplish today at this proceeding? I'm prepared to issue an order directing that you report to the Court by January 21st. Do you want me to include in that order that document demands —well, I guess it would be interrogatories, document demands, and subpoenas all be issued and served by January 21st?

MR. VANWART: You know, I mean, (indiscernible) first wave, Your Honor, because as you get information, you have more leads and there'll be some followup. But I think that's an appropriate -- it's a target date, but we will do our best to meet it. And then we'll be working with them on some of the subpoenas that (indiscernible).

MR. DILLARD: Your Honor, Mr. Dillard, on behalf of Vulcan.

Perhaps I misunderstood something. I thought the interrogatories, as I understand it, would consist of one interrogatory asking about the source of dioxane to the extent plaintiff has that information.

THE COURT: Well, I said interrogatories because I thought the defendants might be serving interrogatories.

Unless you're satisfied with the fact sheets.

MR. VANWART: And the reason -- just a little bit of history -- and this is an issue that's been resolved -- there was a privilege issue raised and we were satisfied with the explanation that we got. But we're trying to use the interrogatory in part to replace what we expected to get from the fact sheet.

It is simply you're the plaintiff, these are your wells. Tell us what you know either about the actual source of the contamination, the dioxane, or your suspected source. It's really straightforward and we don't think it's going to

take a lot of work on anybody's part.

THE COURT: But when I used the term interrogatories, I did not mean to suggest that they wouldn't be focused, which is what the parties are talking about. And it may well be that it will be one interrogatory served by all plaintiffs on each defendant. But you've got more than one defendant, so you've got plural interrogatories at that point.

MR. VANWART: I would suggest that Mr. -- that we have more discussions with the plaintiffs about the interrogatories. We don't want to open up kind of a can of worms. We want to get the documents. And we think that the interrogatories can be problematic. Is it going to be worth the effort? So I suggest we have more discussions.

MR. EDLING: Yeah. I mean, Mr. VanWart and I and Mr. Blanchet met this morning and discussed sort of the type of discovery, including interrogatories, and I learned this was what they wanted to do.

And I told them -- and it is our practice -- that we have perhaps targeted interrogatories that we may serve by January 21. We may elect to defer those. I don't really have an interest -- and I'm certain that they don't have an interest -- in sort of, you know, interrogatories for interrogatories sake.

I do personally think that the best approach in these types of cases is the document production, the document

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gathering, third-party discovery. We and they have an interest in the chain of distribution and frequently, as Mr. VanWart was alluding to, leads to sort of the key claims and defenses. And perhaps for them the inclusion or not of third parties.

But it is certainly an evidentiary issue that comes up in all of these cases where the theory of liability is at the manufacturing level as opposed to sort of, you know, think of your quintessential (indiscernible) allocation responsibility.

THE COURT: So what you had in mind was a joint status report by January 21st?

MR. VANWART: Yes, Your Honor.

MR. EDLING: Yes.

THE COURT: And then do you anticipate you'll be requesting another conference or just including in the status report a proposal for discovery in the next phase?

MR. EDLING: I certainly hope it's the latter. I think we would request a status conference only if there are issues that remain unresolved between the parties, which I don't expect.

And to the extent Your Honor wishes, I mean, we could set a status conference towards the end of the first quarter if you wish. Or we could, you know, propose something to Your Honor in that update if you'd like.

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THE COURT: Well, if you think it's likely that the parties will want another status conference, then I would suggest it makes sense to pick a date now since there are so many of you rather than trying to come up with a date several months from now when people's calendars are full.

MR. VANWART: I think, Your Honor, in terms of dates, realistically, if we serve subpoenas say mid January, sometime in January, you have the dialog and hear objections and try to narrow and have discussions to focus, that's going to take some time.

And then we finally get documents that we then use and work with our expert and so forth. So to me, realistically, we're probably talking what March or April?

THE COURT: Well, do we want it before or after the holidays in early April? We've got --

UNIDENTIFIED: After.

UNIDENTIFIED: After.

MR. VANWART: Not to mislead Your Honor, you could be seeing motions but from third parties once they get our subpoenas and try to work them out. But you might be hearing from us anyway.

MR. EDLING: Not our subpoenas. Just theirs.

MR. VANWART: Yeah.

MR. EDLING: They'll love ours.

THE COURT: All right. So I'm looking at the week

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        of April 13th. I don't have availability on that Monday or
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        Thursday morning. But other than that, right now, it's fairly
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        open. So do counsel have a preference?
                  UNIDENTIFIED: No.
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                  THE COURT: For those of you coming from out of
 5
       town, do you prefer to be here on a Friday?
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                  UNIDENTIFIED: Friday morning's preferable.
                  THE COURT: Friday morning? 10 o'clock. The 17th?
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                  UNIDENTIFIED: That's fine.
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10
             (Pause.)
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                  MR. DILLARD: Your Honor, I'm sorry. Again, what do
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       you have mid week?
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                  THE COURT: I said I have -- if you want it on
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       Wednesday, we could do it 10 o'clock Wednesday morning.
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                  MR. DILLARD: Anybody have a problem with that?
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                  MR. EDLING: No. That works. Thank you, Your
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        Honor.
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                  THE COURT: All right. That's April 15th for anyone
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       who expects to be working madly to get your tax returns done.
        I throw that out there.
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                  MR. EDLING: It will be a welcome respite, Your
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       Honor.
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                  THE COURT: And I would hope that by that time the
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       parties will have sufficient information so that you can at
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        least look ahead towards perhaps mediating these cases to see
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1 whether or not they can be resolved or at least narrowed.

Is there anything else that any of you would like to discuss?

MR. DILLARD: Your Honor, just the observation that there are these additional cases where the defendants have not yet appeared. I think our appearance date is like the 20th of December. And so --

THE COURT: But we're talking about the same defendants so --

MR. DILLARD: That's correct.

THE COURT: -- their representatives are here now.

MR. DILLARD: Well, that's correct. My point was going to be talking about mediation after a certain date. I mean, I think there's going to be a delay in getting the fact sheet responses because there's still these four or five cases out there where the basic information has not been gathered yet.

THE COURT: All right. Well, I hope, as I said earlier, that the parties can play catch-up in those cases. I assume that once you've -- it becomes easier the more OF these fact sheets that you prepare -- which isn't to say that you're -- that the plaintiffs don't have to dig up information about -- well, you've got the information about each well. There are new plaintiffs? Yeah. The new plaintiffs.

MR. EDLING: Correct.

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                  THE COURT: So have they started gathering that
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        information even though the defendants haven't answered?
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                  MR. EDLING: Yes. I'll say that for the newly filed
        cases, other than but one are represented by my firm. That
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       other case, I don't know.
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                  THE COURT: Mr. Schirripa, are you representing that
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 7
       other plaintiff?
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                  MR. SCHIRRIPA: Yes, we represent (indiscernible).
                 MR. EDLING: No. No. The other plaintiff is
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                  THE COURT: No, the new --
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                 MR. EDLING: -- is Hicksville. It's represented by
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        another plaintiffs' firm. I can reach out to him and tell him
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       to get to work.
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                  THE COURT: And they didn't -- I'm disappointed that
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       they're not here.
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                  MR. EDLING: I don't know that they were -- actually
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        I'm fairly sure they filed after the order with respect to
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       this status conference as well as the fact sheet. I think
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       they recently filed.
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                  THE COURT: I'm not suggesting that they're in
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       violation of any court order, but I just would have thought
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       that they would be aware of this status conference and that
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       they would have an interest in showing up.
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                  MR. EDLING: I will make sure to let Mr. Napoli
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21 1 know. 2 THE COURT: All right. Anything else? 3 MR. EDLING: Not from me, Your Honor. Thank you. THE COURT: All right. Thank you all very much. 4 5 And keep up the collaborative work. It's actually a pleasure 6 because most of the big cases that I have I can't remember the 7 last time I got out of a conference in half an hour. More 8 like three hours. All right. Take care. 9 (Proceedings concluded at 3:14 p.m.) 10 I, CHRISTINE FIORE, Certified Electronic Court 11 Reporter and Transcriber, certify that the foregoing is a 12 correct transcript from the official electronic sound 13 recording of the proceedings in the above-entitled matter. 14 Christine Fiere 15 16 December 11, 2019 17 Christine Fiore, CERT 18 19 20 2.1 22 23 24